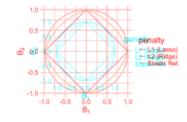
Introduction to Machine Learning

Regularization Elastic Net and regularized GLMs





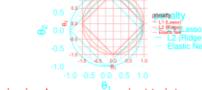
Learning goals

- Compromise between L1 and L2
- Regularized logistic regression

ELASTIC NET AS L1/L2 COMBO • Zou and Hastie 2005

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{R}_{\text{elnet}}(\boldsymbol{\theta}) &= \sum_{i=1}^{n} (\boldsymbol{y}^{(i)} - \boldsymbol{\theta}^{\top} \mathbf{x}^{(i)})^{2} + \lambda_{1} \|\boldsymbol{\theta}\|_{1} + \lambda_{2} \|\boldsymbol{\theta}\|_{2}^{2} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^{n} (\boldsymbol{y}^{(i)} - \boldsymbol{\theta}^{\top} \mathbf{x}^{(i)})^{2} + \lambda \left((1 - \alpha) \|\boldsymbol{\theta}\|_{1} + \alpha \|\boldsymbol{\theta}\|_{2}^{2} \right), \ \alpha = \frac{\lambda_{2}}{\lambda_{1} + \lambda_{2}}, \lambda = \lambda_{1} + \lambda_{2} \end{split}$$





- 2nd formula is simply more convenient to interpret hyperpars;
- λ controls how much we penalize, α sets the "L2-portion" and formula is simply more convenient to interprete hyperpars;
- Correlated features tend to be either selected or zeroed out together
- Selection of more than in features possible for prepared out together
- Selection of more than n features possible for p > n

SIMULATED EXAMPLE

5 fold CV with $n_{\text{train}} = 100$ and 20 repetitions with $n_{\text{test}} = 10000$ for setups $\mathcal{N}(0, \Sigma)$:

$$y = \mathbf{x}^T \boldsymbol{\theta} + \epsilon$$
; $\epsilon \sim N(0, 0.1^2)$; $\mathbf{x} \sim N(0, \Sigma)$; $\Sigma_{k,l} = 0.8^{|k-l|}$:

Ridge better for corr. features:

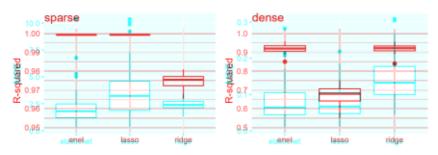
Lasso better for sparse without corr.:

Lasso better for sparse features:

$$\theta = \underbrace{(1, \dots, 1, 0, \dots, 0)}_{\sum_{k, j}} \underbrace{(1, \dots, 1, 0, \dots, 0)}_{k = 0.8}$$

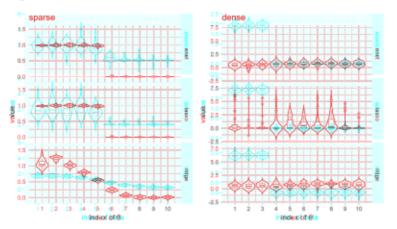
$$\theta = (\underbrace{1, \ldots, 1, 1, \ldots, 1}_{2 = 600})$$





⇒ elastic net handles both cases well

SIMULATED EXAMPLE /2

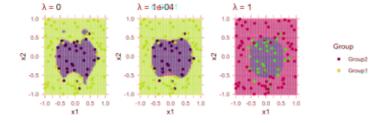




LHS: ridge estimates of noise features haver around 0 while lasso/e-net produce 0s. RHS: ridge dannot perform variable selection compared to lasso/e-nets in violin plot). Easso more frequently ignores relevant features than e-net (longer tails in violin plot).

REGULARIZED LOGISTIC REGRESSION

- Penalties can be added very flexibly to any model based on ERM
- E.g.: L1- or L2-penalized logistic regression for high-dim. spaces and feature selection
- Now: LR with polynomial features for x₁, x₂ up to degree 7 and L2 penalty on 2D "circle data" below



- $\lambda = 0$: LR without penalty seems to overfit
- $\lambda = 0.0001$: We get better
- λ = 1: Fit looks pretty good

