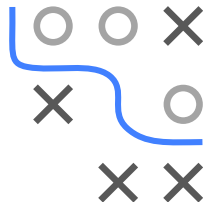
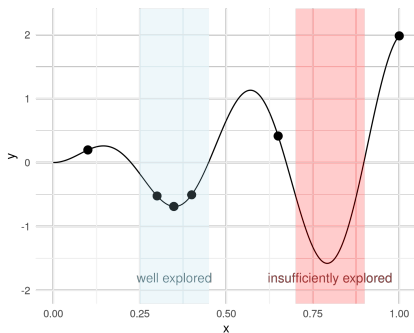




# BAYESIAN SURROGATE MODELING

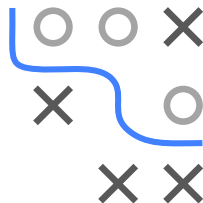
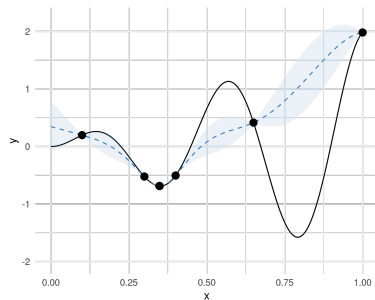
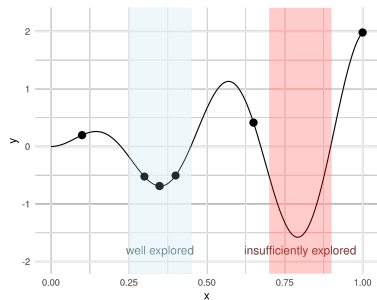
## Goal:

Find trade-off between **exploration** (areas we have not visited yet) and **exploitation** (search around good design points)



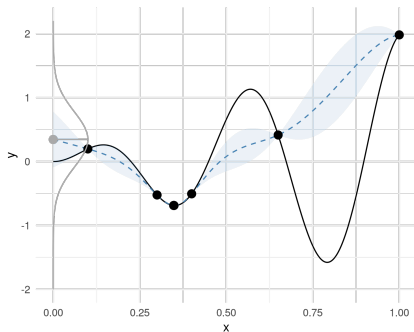
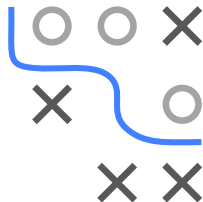
# BAYESIAN SURROGATE MODELING / 2

- **Idea:** Use a **Bayesian approach** to build SM that yields estimates for the posterior mean  $\hat{f}(\mathbf{x})$  and the posterior variance  $\hat{s}^2(\mathbf{x})$
- $\hat{s}^2(\mathbf{x})$  expresses “confidence”/“certainty” in prediction



# BAYESIAN SURROGATE MODELING / 3

- Denote by  $Y \mid \mathbf{x}, \mathcal{D}^{[t]}$  the (conditional) RV associated with the posterior predictive distribution of a new point  $\mathbf{x}$  under a SM; will abbreviate it as  $Y(\mathbf{x})$
- Most prominent choice for a SM is a **Gaussian process**, here  $Y(\mathbf{x}) \sim \mathcal{N}(\hat{f}(\mathbf{x}), \hat{s}^2(\mathbf{x}))$



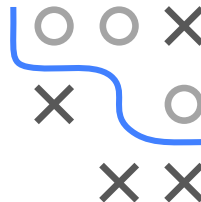
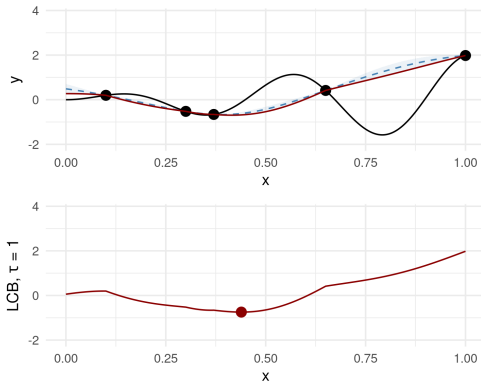
For now we assume an interpolating SM;  $\hat{f}(\mathbf{x}) = f(\mathbf{x})$  and  $\hat{s}(\mathbf{x}) = 0$  for training points





# LOWER CONFIDENCE BOUND / 2

$\tau = 1$

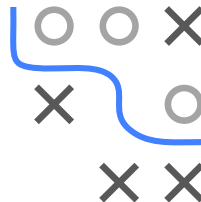
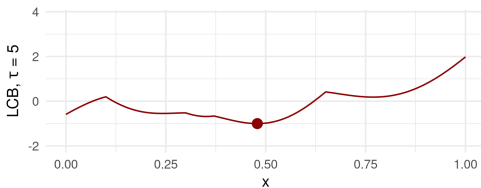
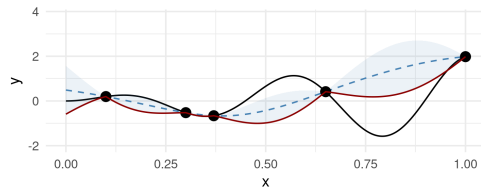


Top: Design points and SM showing  $\hat{f}(\mathbf{x})$  (blue) and  $\hat{f}(\mathbf{x}) - \tau \hat{s}(\mathbf{x})$  (red)

Bottom: the red point depicts  $\arg \min_{\mathbf{x} \in \mathcal{S}} a_{\text{LCB}}(\mathbf{x})$

# LOWER CONFIDENCE BOUND / 3

$\tau = 5$





# LOWER CONFIDENCE BOUND / 4

$\tau = 10$

