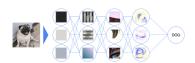
Introduction to Machine Learning

Neural Networks In a Nutshell

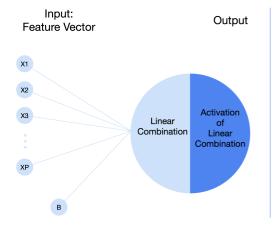




Learning goals

- Know basic computational unit
- Know basic architecture
- Understand Learning in NNs

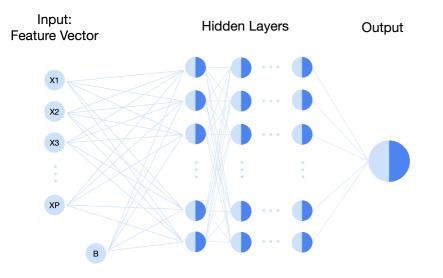
BASIC COMPUTATIONAL UNIT: PERCEPTRON



- Output differs depending on activation function:
 - Identity function: Perceptron represents linear regression
 - Logistic function: Perceptron represents logistic regression
- Other activation functions possible

BASIC ARCHITECTURE OF NN

A neural network is built by combination of multiple perceptrons:





BASIC ARCHITECTURE OF NN

Hidden Layers:

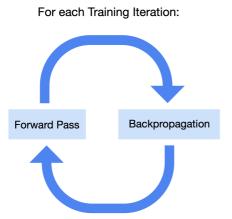
- Output of hidden units serves as input for units in next layer
- Too many hidden layers or too many units per layer can lead to overfitting

Output Layer:

- Number of output units depend on task
- Different activation functions for output layer and hidden layers possible

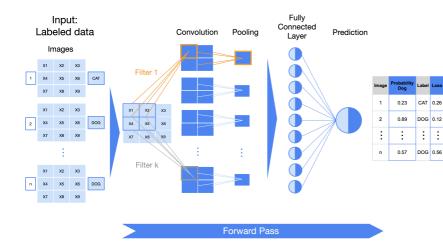
× 0 0 × 0 × ×

LEARNING - IMAGE CLASSIFICATION TASK



× 0 0 × 0 × ×

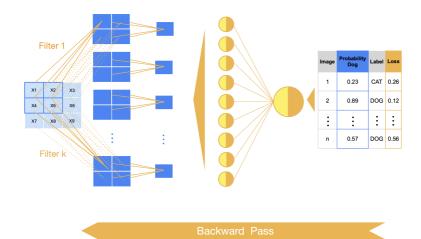
LEARNING - IMAGE CLASSIFICATION TASK





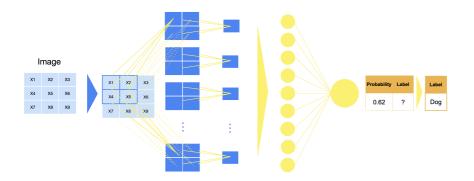
LEARNING - IMAGE CLASSIFICATION TASK

Compute update of each weight by backpropagation



× 0 0 × 0 × ×

PREDICTION - IMAGE CLASSIFICATION TASK



××

X

EFFECT OF HIDDEN LAYERS

- Learn more and more abstract representations
- Each layer adds degree of non-linearity

× 0 0 × 0 × × ×

