

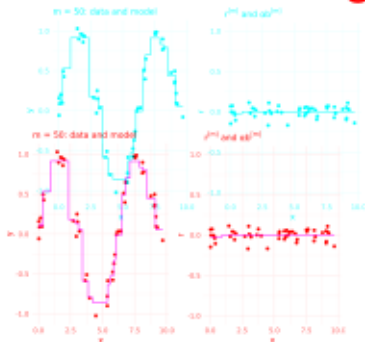
Introduction to Machine Learning



Boosting

Boosting with Trees 1

Gradient Boosting with Trees 1



Learning goals

- Examples for GB with trees
- Understand relationship between model structure and interaction depth

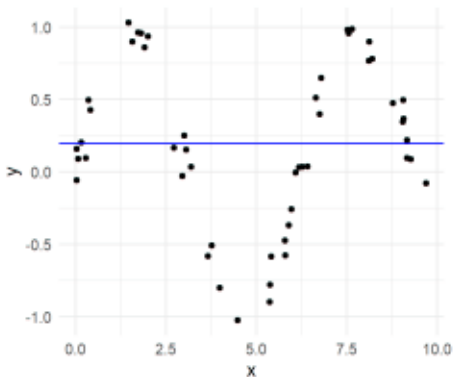
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EXAMPLE 1 / 2

Iteration 0: initialization by optimal constant (mean) prediction $\hat{f}^{[0](i)}(x) = \bar{y} \approx 0.2$.

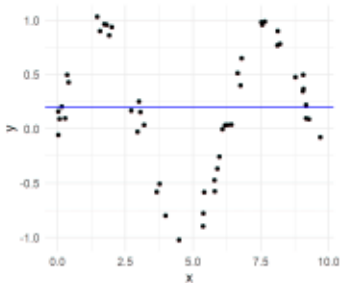
i	$x^{(i)}$	$y^{(i)}$	$\hat{y}^{[0]}$
1	0.03	0.16	0.20
2	0.03	-0.06	0.20
3	0.07	0.09	0.20
\vdots	\vdots	\vdots	\vdots
50	9.69	-0.08	0.20



EXAMPLE 1 / 3

Iteration 1: (1) Calculate pseudo-residuals $\tilde{r}^{[m](i)}$ and (2) fit a regression stump $b^{[m]}$.

i	$x^{(i)}$	$y^{(i)}$	$\hat{\gamma}^{[0]}$	$\tilde{r}^{[1](i)}$	$\hat{b}^{[1](i)}$
1	0.03	0.16	0.20	-0.04	-0.17
2	0.03	-0.06	0.20	-0.25	-0.17
3	0.07	0.09	0.20	-0.11	-0.17
\vdots	\vdots	\vdots	\vdots	\vdots	\vdots
50	9.69	-0.08	0.20	-0.27	0.33



(3) Update model by $\hat{\gamma}^{[1]}(x) = \hat{\gamma}^{[0]}(x) + \hat{b}^{[1]}$.

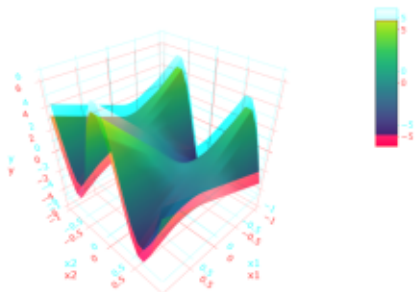
MODEL STRUCTURE AND INTERACTION DEPTH

/ 2

Simulation setting:

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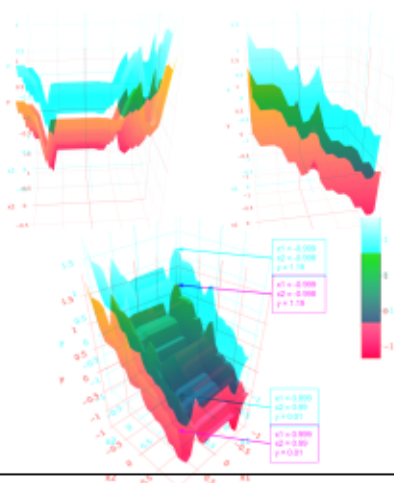
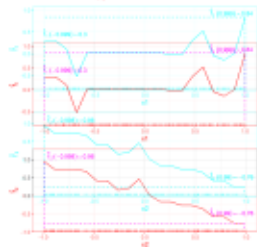
- Features x_1 and x_2 and numeric y ; with $n = 500$
- x_1 and x_2 are uniformly distributed between -1 and 1
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- $y^{(i)} = x_1^{(i)} - x_2^{(i)} + 5 \cos(5x_2^{(i)}) \cdot x_1^{(i)} + \epsilon^{(i)}$ with $\epsilon^{(i)} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$
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- We fit 2 GB models, with tree depth 1 and 2, respectively.
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MODEL STRUCTURE AND INTERACTION DEPTH

/ 3 GBM with interaction depth of 1 (GAM)

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No interactions are modelled: Marginal effects of x_1 and x_2 add up to joint effect (plus the constant intercept $\hat{f}_0 = -0.07$).



$$\begin{aligned} & \hat{f}(-0.999, -0.998) \\ & \hat{f}(\hat{x}_1, \hat{x}_2) + \hat{f}_2(-0.998) \\ & \equiv \hat{f}_0 + \hat{f}_1(-0.999) + \hat{f}_2(-0.998) \\ & = -0.07 + 0.3 + 0.96 = 1.19 \end{aligned}$$

MODEL STRUCTURE AND INTERACTION DEPTH

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GBM with interaction depth of 2

GBM with interaction depth of 2

Interactions between x_1 and x_2 are modelled. Marginal effects of x_1 and x_2 do NOT add up to joint effect due to interaction effects.

